

RICH HERITAGE BRIGHT FUTURE



Full year ended 31 December 2015 & first quarter ended 31 March 2016 Investors & Analysts Presentation



DISCLAIMER

This presentation is based on FBN Holdings PIc's ('FBNH' or 'FBNHoldings' or the 'Group') audited IFRS results for the twelve months ended 31 December, 2015 and the unaudited results for the three months ended 31 March, 2016. The Group's financial statements have been prepared using the accounts of the subsidiaries and businesses within FBNHoldings. In 2015, final accounting for the acquisition of Kakawa Discount House Limited (now FBN Merchant Bank Limited) was concluded resulting in changes between the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities at acquisition date compared to those values adopted for provisional accounting in 2014. The impact of the changes have been retrospectively adjusted against 2014 numbers in line with IFRS 3.

FBNHoldings has obtained some information from sources it believes to be credible. Although FBNHoldings has taken all reasonable care to ensure that all information herein is accurate and correct, FBNHoldings makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, correctness or completeness of the information. In addition, some of the information in this presentation may be condensed or incomplete, and this presentation may not contain all material information in respect of FBNHoldings.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements which reflect management's expectations regarding the Group's future growth, results of operations, performance, business prospects and opportunities. Wherever possible, words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "intend", "estimate", "project", "target", "risk", "goal" and similar terms and phrases have been used to identify the forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current beliefs and are based on information currently available to the Group's management. Certain material factors or assumptions have been applied in drawing the conclusions contained in the forward-looking statements. These factors or assumptions are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties surrounding future expectations generally.

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Outline



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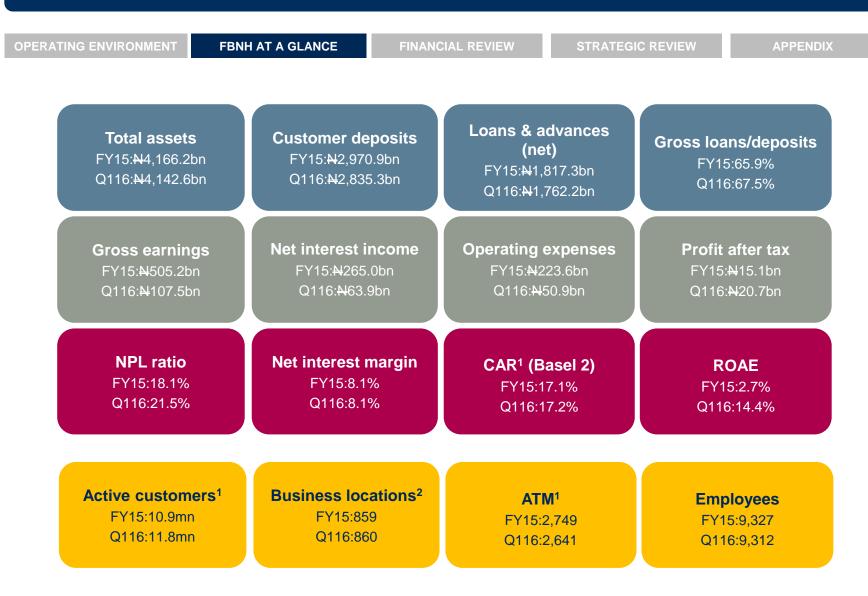
Operating environment

Operating & regulatory environment

OPERATING ENVIRON	MENT FBN	IH AT A GLANCE	FINANCIAL REVIEW	STRATEGIC REVIEW	APPENDIX	
Operating Environment	De Ext 20: Vo Ris DN of	cember 2015 ernal reserves declined 16 latility in exchange rate, e in inflation to 12.8% in	d 15.7% to \$29.07bn in Decem , and Naira under pressure due n March 2016 from the single-o n bank loans of 23 states into l ernments	o a 7.5% y-o-y decline in domes ober 2015 and further down to to depleting external reserves digit level maintained over the FGN bonds as a bailout by the l	9 \$27.89bn in March preceding 3 years	
Regulatory Environment	 CB sto MI MI Ge 	opped the sale of FX to E PC's harmonised cash re PR reduced from 13% to meral provision require N deadline for higher c	ch Auction (RDAS) window, bar Bureau de change (BDCs) in a b eserve ratio (CRR) of 31% was r o 11% in 2015 but raised to 129 ment doubled from 1% to 2%	educed to 22.5% in March 2016	5	

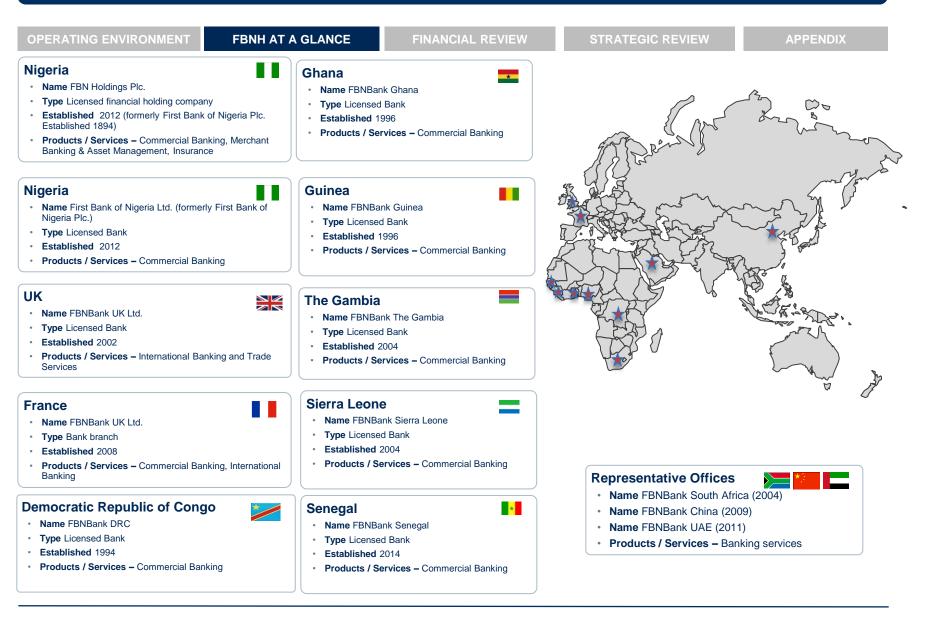


FBNHoldings at a glance

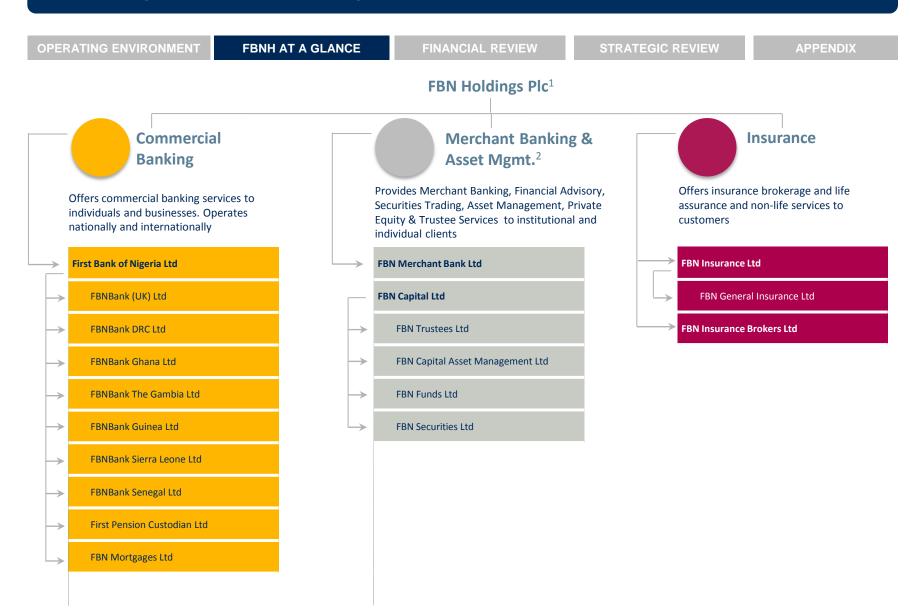


¹ For FirstBank (Nigeria), FBN Merchant Bank's CAR for FY2015: 24.9% & Q12016: 23.6%; ² Business locations includes 615 local branches, 63 QSPs, 68 agencies/cash centres for FirstBank (Nigeria) and 114 (local and international) subsidiary locations

Global footprint: building a stronger, well-diversified financial services group



FBNHoldings – our main operating companies



¹ Other Financial services no longer classified as one of the main operating companies following the sale of our Microfinance business which was classified under this category

² Following the acquisition of a Merchant Banking License in the latter part of 2015, the Investment Banking and Asset Management business (IBAM) is now the Merchant Banking & Asset Management Business (MBAM)

FBNHoldings' contribution by business groups

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT	FBNH AT A GLANCE	FINANCIAL REVIEW	STRATEGIC REVIEW	APPENDIX
Gross Earnings				
FY14 [₦455.1k	on]	FY15 [N 465.8bn]	Δ 2.3%	
Q115 [¥117.2	bn]	Q116 [¥100.2bn]	Δ -14.5%	
Profit Before Tax				
FY14 [\ 94.5b	n]	FY15 [₦10.2bn]	Δ-89.2%	
Q115 [\ 26.1b	on]	Q116 [¥20.8bn]	Δ-20.4%	
Gross Earnings				
FY14 [\ 23.6b	n]	FY15 [₦33.3bn]	Δ 41.3%	
Q115 [\ 8.9b	n]	Q116 [₦5.5bn]	Δ-38.3%	
Profit Before Tax				
FY14 [₩6.1br	n]	FY15 [₦10.6bn]	Δ 73.4%	
Q115 [\ 2.6b	n]	Q116 [₦1.2bn]	Δ-52.5%	
Gross Earnings				
FY14 [₩6.5br	n]	FY15 [₦10.5bn]	Δ 60.6%	
Q115 [\ 2.4b	n]	Q116 [\ 2.6bn]	Δ 7.9%	
Profit Before Tax				
FY14 [₩1.6br	n]	FY15 [\2.3bn]	∆ 44.7%	
Q115 [\ 866.1r	nn]	Q116 [₦965.1mn]	Δ 11.4%	

Commercial Banking

Merchant Banking and Asset Management

Insurance



Financial review

Income statement and balance sheet snapshots

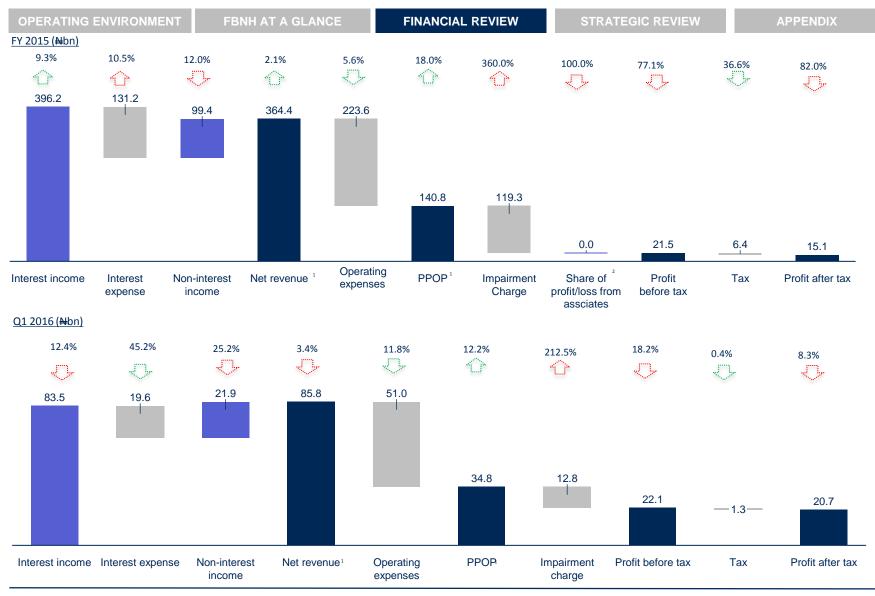
OPERATING ENVIRONMENT		FBNH AT A GLANCE		FIN	FINANCIAL REVIEW STRATEGIC REVIEW		REVIEW STRATEGIC REVIEW		APPE	NDIX	
Income statement											
Nbn	FY 14	FY 15	у-о-у	Q1 15	Q1 16	у-о-у	Key ratios	FY 14	FY 15	Q1 15	Q1 16
Gross earnings	481.8	505.2	4.9%	126.8	107.5	-15.2%	Net interest margin ¹	7.6%	8.1%	6.9%	8.1%
Net interest income	243.9	265.0	8.7%	59.6	63.9	7.2%	0				
Non-interest income	113.0	99.4	-12.0%	29.3		-25.2%	Cost to income ¹	66.5%	61.4%	65.1%	59.4%
Operating income ¹	356.2	364.4	2.3%	88.8	85.8	-3.4%	Cost of funds	3.4%	3.7%	3.8%	2.3%
Operating expenses	236.8	223.6	-5.6%	57.8	50.9	-11.8%					
Pre-provision operating profit ¹	119.4	140.8	18.0%	31.0		12.2%	NPL	2.9%	18.1%	3.9%	21.5%
Impairment charge	25.9	119.3	360.0%	4.1		212.5%	NPL coverage ¹	137.9%	40.2%	111.6%	37.4%
Profit before tax	94.1	21.5	-77.1%	26.9	22.1	-18.2%	Cost of risk	1.3%	5.7%	0.7%	2.6%
Income tax	10.0	6.4	-36.6%	4.3		-69.4%					
Profit after tax	84.0	15.1	-82.0%	22.6	20.7	-8.3%	ROaE ¹	16.9%	2.7%	17.0%	14.4%
							ROaA ¹	2.0%	0.4%	2.0%	2.0%
Statement of final	ncial pos	ition					CAR – FirstBank				
Nbn	FY 14	FY 15	у-о-у	Q1 15	Q1 16	y-t-d	(Nigeria) - Basel 2	16.7%	17.1%	15.5%	17.2%
Total assets	4,343.7	4,166.2	-4.1%	4,511.4	4,142.6	-0.6%	Tier 1 CAR – FirstBank				
Investment securities	705.0	070.0	22.00/	050.0		0.70/	(Nigeria) - Basel 2	12.3%	13.3%	12.0%	13.3%

Investment securities (interest earning)	735.3	970.2	32.0%	852.3	963.3	-0.7%
Interbank placements	460.9	385.8	-16.3%	596.0	390.6	1.3%
Cash and balances with Central Bank	698.1	715.9	2.5%	651.5	733.5	2.5%
Net loans & advances	2,179.0	1,817.3	-16.6%	2,123.3	1,762.2	-3.0%
Customer deposits	3,050.9	2,970.9	-2.6%	3,207.2	2,835.3	-4.6%
Total equity	524.1	578.8	10.4%	542.5	575.2	-0.6%

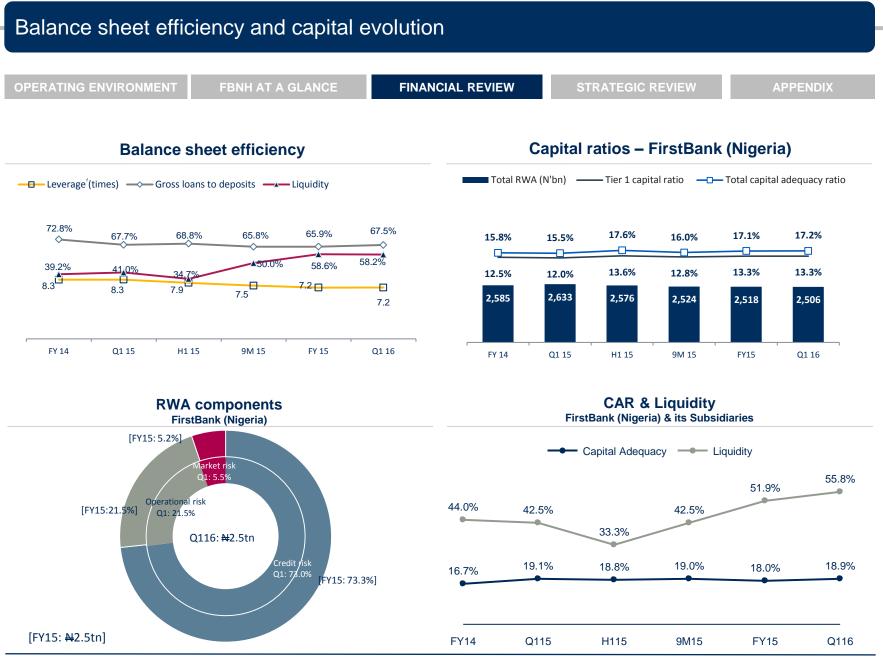
ıy Id) ase CAR – FirstBank (Nigeria) & its 16.7% 18.0% 19.1% 18.9% Subsidiaries CAR – FBN Merchant 22.5% 24.9% 21.9% 23.6% Bank - Basel 2 Gross loans to 72.8% 65.9% 67.7% 67.5% deposits¹

¹Definition provided in the appendix;

Income statement evolution



¹ Definition provided in the appendix ² Share of profit/loss from associates no longer available following the consolidation of Kakawa Discount House Ltd into the Group upon acquisition of 100% shareholding



¹ Definition provided in the appendix

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

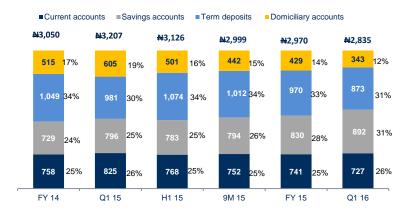
FBNH AT A GLANCE

FINANCIAL REVIEW

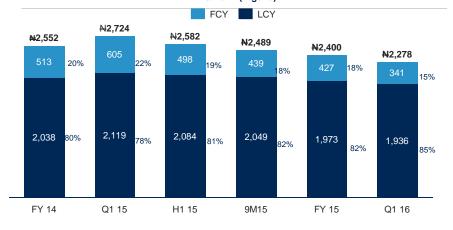
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Deposits by type Nbn

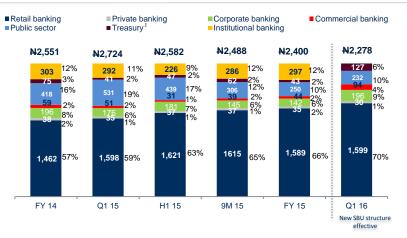


Deposits by currency Nbn FirstBank (Nigeria)



Deposits by SBU trend Nbn

FirstBank (Nigeria)



- Customer deposits declined 2.6% y-o-y to ¥2.97tn in FY2015 and 4.6% y-t-d to ¥2.8tn in Q1 2016 (FY 2014: ¥3.05tn)
- In FY2015, deposits were impacted by: the implementation of the TSA which led to the withdrawal of some institutional funds from the Bank, a deliberate terming out of expensive fixed deposits as well as the Central Bank's restriction on cash deposits to domiciliary accounts which has now been lifted
- CASA (current, savings & domiciliary accounts) increased to 67.3% in FY2015 and 69.2% in Q1 2016 (FY2014: 65.6%) buoyed by the sustained growth in savings deposits (Q12016: N891.7bn; FY2015: N829.8bn; FY2014: N728.7bn)
- Retail deposits continue to grow impressively; representing 66.2% and 70.2% of total deposits at FY2015 and Q1 2016 respectively, demonstrating the strength in the brand and loyalty of its customers

¹ Though it contributed to the deposits, Treasury was not a strategic business unit (SBU) until the new SBU structure took effect in January 2016 with Treasury & Financial Institutions being an SBU ² SBUs:- Corporate banking; private organisations with annual revenue > 445bn but < 410bn and midsize and large corporate clients with annual revenue in > 445bn but with a key man risk. Commercial Banking comprising clients with annual turnover of 4500mn and 45bn. Institutional banking (now within tetail effective January 2016); multinationals and corporate clients with revenue > 410bn. Private banking(now with retail effective January 2016); High net worth individuals and families. Public sector; Federal and state governments. Retail banking; more retail, affluent with annual income < 450mn as well as small business and Local governments with annuer < 4500mn</p>

Gross earnings and margin analysis

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

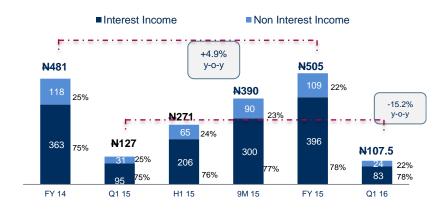
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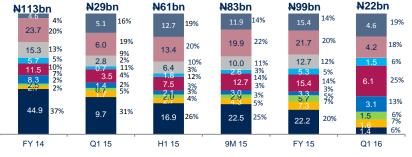
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Gross earningsbreakdown (Nbn)

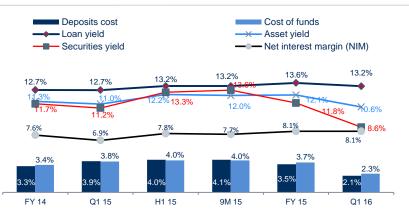


Non-interest income breakdown (Nbn)

■Foreign exchange	Insurance premium	Credit related fees
Account maintenance	E-business	Financial advisory
Commision on turnover	Other fees & commission ²	■Other income ³



Net interest margin drivers



- Gross earnings up 4.9% y-o-y to N505.2bn (FY2015) but declined 15.2% y-o-y in Q12016 with faster growth from the non-commercial banking subsidiaries
- Gross earnings in the Merchant Banking & Asset Management as well as the Insurance businesses, contributed 7.5% to FBNH's Q12016 gross earnings (FY2015: 8.7%)
- Net interest margins improved to 8.1% (Q12015: 6.9%) mainly due to improved cost of funds
- Funding costs at 2.3% in Q12016 (Q12015: 3.4%) declined y-o-y owing to deliberate run-off on some expensive deposits and re-pricing
- We expect funding costs to trend higher in view of a rising interest rate environment, albeit we would be defending our margin at current levels
- Normalising for the gains on foreign exchange revaluation from the current and prior year, FBN Microfinance and the disposal of the equity investments, noninterest income would have been flat (-0.3 y-o-y) at N82.2bn (FY2015)
- Electronic banking fees increased 34.1% y-o-y to ₦15.4bn in FY2015 and 73.9% y-o-y to ₦6.1bn in Q1 2016.

¹Non-interest income here is gross and does not account for fee and commission expense ² Other fees and commission include commission on bonds and guarantees, fee and commission expense, remittance fees, LC commission, money transfer, custodian fees, fund management fees and brokerage & intermediation ³ Other income includes net (losses)/gains on investment securities, net (losses)/gains from financial assets at fair value, dividend income and share of profit/loss from associates

Operating income vs. operating expenses

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

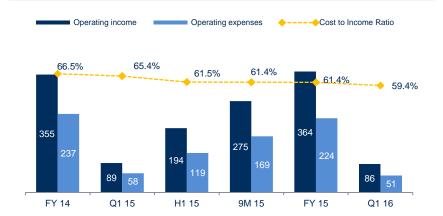
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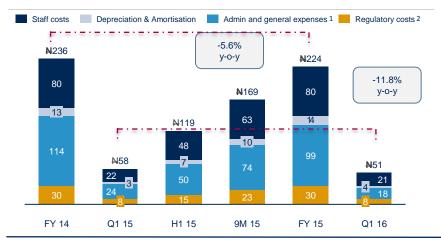
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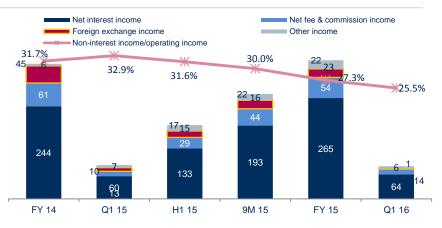
Operating income and expenses (Nbn)



Operating expenses breakdown (Nbn)



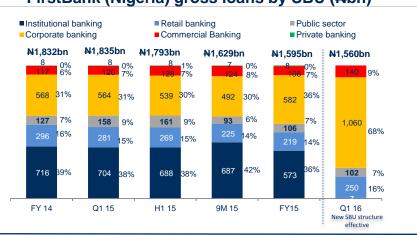
Operating income breakdown (Nbn)



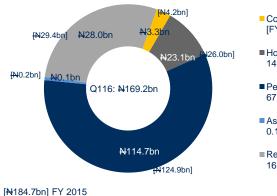
- The Merchant Banking and Asset Management, as well as the Insurance businesses ,contributed 5.8% and 2.9% respectively to operating income
- Non-interest income/operating income declined gradually over the period as a result of regulatory directives impacting non-interest income
- 5.1 percentage point reduction in cost to income ratio to 61.4% as at FY2015 (FY2014: 66.5%) with further decline to 59.4% in Q12016 (Q12015: 65.4%). This reflects results of cost management initiatives which resulted in an 11.8% (Q12016) y-o-y decline in operating expenses
- Regulatory costs, which account for 13.4% of the operating expenses, declined 0.3% in FY2015 mainly due to the decline in deposit insurance premium as a result of the managed decline in deposits
- Further reduction in operating expenses is planned at Group level, to be driven largely by FirstBank (Nigeria)

¹ Admin and general expenses include maintenance, advert & corporate promotion, legal and other professional fees, stationery and other operating expenses; ² Regulatory costs is made up by NDIC premium, AMCON resolution cost and others





FirstBank (Nigeria) core consumer / retail product portfolio



Consumer auto loan 1.9% [FY15: 2.3%]

■ Home loans 13.7% [FY15: 14.0%]

Personal loans 67.8% [FY15: 67.7%]

Asset acquisition 0.1% [FY15: 0.1%]

Retail overdrafts/Term loans 16.6% [FY15: 15.9%]

¹ FBNHolding's gross loans include intercompany adjustments ² Others include FBN Mortgages, FBNBank Ghana, FBNBank Guinea, FBNBank The Gambia, FBNBank Sierra Leone, FBNBank Senegal ³Effective Jan 2016, the Institutional Banking & Private Banking SBUs ceased to exist while the former has been merged with Corporate Banking SBU the latter now resides within the retail banking SBU

FirstBank (Nigeria) & FBNBank UK - loans and advances by sector

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

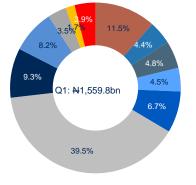
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Q116 FirstBank (Nigeria) gross loans by sectors

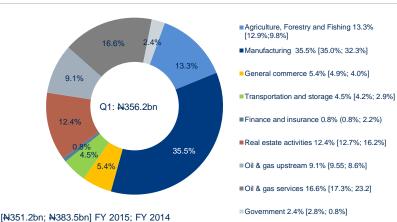


Manufacturing 11.5% [13.0%; 11.0%]
Construction 4.4% [4.3%; 4.9%]
General commerce 5.2% [5.0%; 4.6%]
Information and communication 4.5% [4.4%; 4.2%]
Real estate activities 7.8% [7.4%; 6.4%]
Oil & Gas 39.5% [38.5%, 43.1%]
Government 9.3% [8.8%; 6.4%]¹
Consumer 8.2% [8.7%; 9.5%]²
Others 3.5% [3.6%; 3.1%]³
General 1.7% [2.0%; 3.5%]⁴

Power and Energy 3.9% (3.9%; 3.2%)

[FY2015: ₩1,594.9bn; FY2014: ₩1,832.1bn]

Q116 FBNBank UK gross loans by sectors



- Gross loans at the Group level declined 11.9% y-o-y (FY2015)
- This was driven by planned terming out of some loans and the 'bond for loans' initiative (\u00e4110bn) of the Central Bank of Nigeria and Federal Government within the FirstBank (Nigeria) loan portfolio
- Breakdown of the Oil & Gas (O&G) portfolio in upstream, downstream and services as at Q12016 is 17.5%, 14.4% and 7.6% respectively (FY 2015: 16.6%, 13.9%, 7.7%)

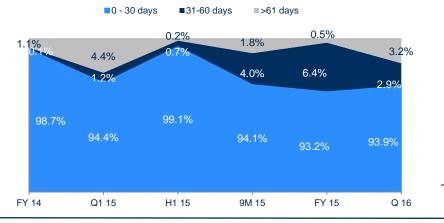
- A successful syndicate restructuring, leading to a change in the ultimate obligor of a number of accounts within the O&G sector, drove the reclassification of N98bn in loans from O&G to government in Q42015

- FCY loans are split between the Oil & Gas, Manufacturing, Power and General Commerce with O&G accounting for 65% in FY15;
- Average duration of the loan book is 32 months as at Q12016 (FY2015: 32months; FY2014: 28 months)
- Reduction in oil & gas sector exposure through normal collection of maturing obligations, replacement of short cycle transactions in oil & gas and accelerated resolution of major exposures
- 12% of the loan book was restructured in FY2015, with the oil & gas sector accounting for 70%. The balance of 30% is mainly to real estate, power, vessel/marine transport, retail and other sectors
- Expected remediation on a couple of large non-performing loans from Q12016 will result in a 3% - 6% reduction in the NPL ratio and by extension improve coverage
- Suspension of products with increasing NPLs such as Personal Loans Against Salaries (PLAS), largely due to non-payment of salaries to government employees
- Asset light approach to risk asset creation with focus on short cycled transactions
- At FirstBank (Nigeria), foreign currency loans decreased by 13.9% y-o-y to ¥721.3bn as at FY 2015, a faster decline in versus the 12.2% decline in LCY
- Muted growth in lending to be driven predominantly by corporate banking, and to a much smaller extent, credit cards and retail assets

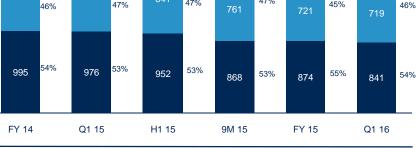
¹ Government loans are loans to the public sector (federal and state); ² Represents loans in our retail portfolio < H 50mn; ³ Others includes finance and Insurance, capital market, residential mortgage; ⁴ General includes personal & professional, hotel & leisure, logistics and religious bodies



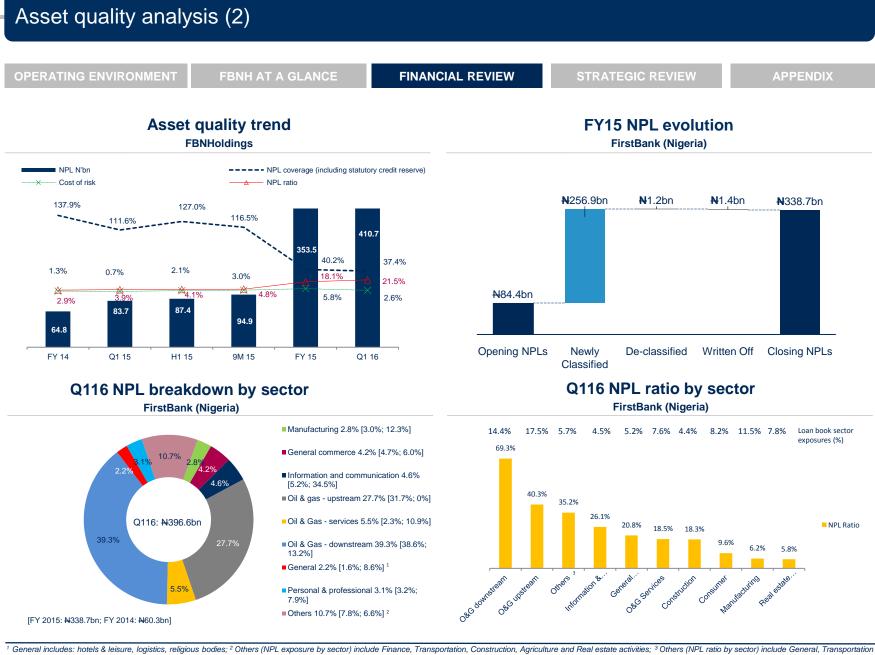
N1,832



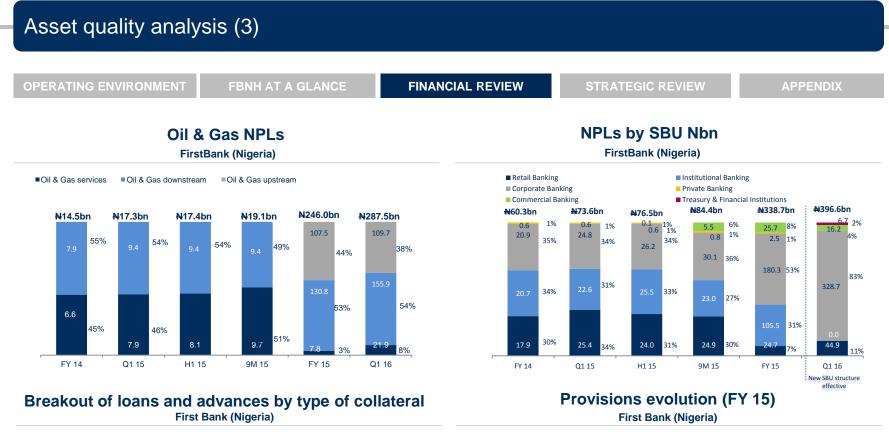
FCY LCY N1,835 N1,793 N1.629 N1.595 N1.560 47% 47% 47% 45% 46%

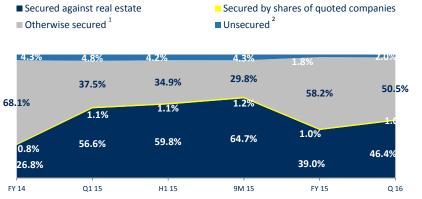


4.2%



& storage, Finance & Insurance, Administration, Capital market, Education, Professional & Scientific, Human health and Arts & Entertainment





N121.4bn N21.8bn N137.7bn N38.1bn Opening Additional Written off Closing Provisions Provisions

^{1.} Otherwise secured refers to credits secured through cash/ treasury bills, guarantees/receivable of investment grade banks and corporates, enforceable lien on fast moving inventory in bonded warehouses/tripartite warehousing agreement, all asset debentures, charge on asset financed, insurance policy, postdated cheques, domiciliation

² Unsecured credits represent clean lending to top tier corporates

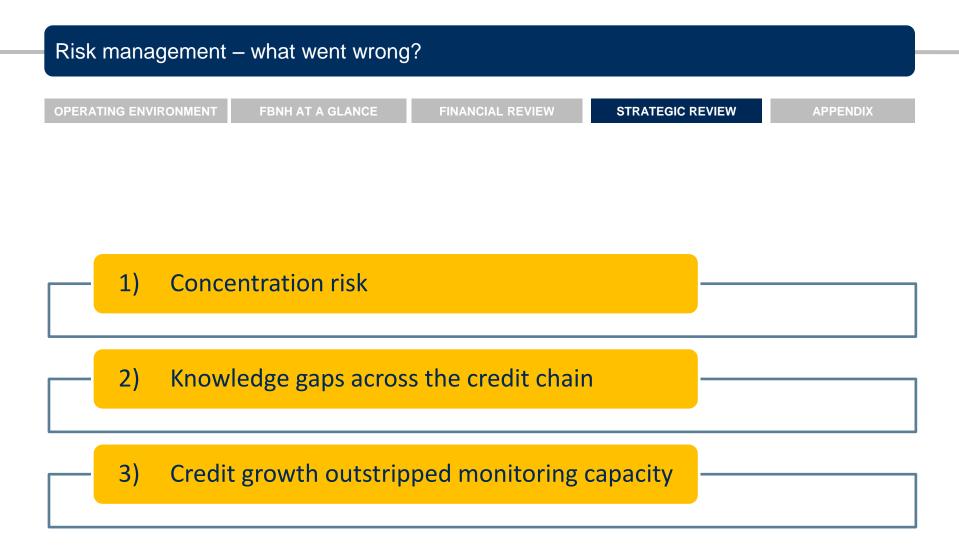


Strategic review

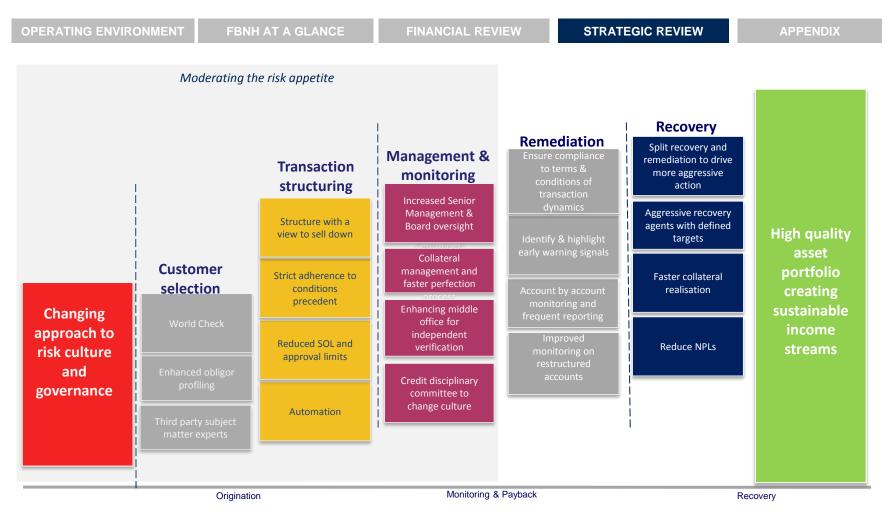
Group strategic framework

OPERA	TING ENVIRONMENT FBNH AT A GLAN	ICE FINANCIAL REVIEW	STRATEGIC REVIEW	APPENDIX
STRATEGY	1 Structural changes in the risk-taking culture, processes and oversight	2 Improve cost and capital efficiency	3 Enhance revenue g	rowth
ENABLERS	 Customer selection Transaction structuring Management & monitoring Remediation Recovery 	 Increased control on procurement and budget Actively monitoring the cut off spend with respect to the budget on a monthly basis Eliminating duplication of costs and institutionalising shared services Ongoing capital enhancement Optimisation of yields on the investment of shareholders' and policy holders' funds 	 Leverage the retail netwo Increase contribution from Diversify revenue streams Increase digital banking p Enhance cross sell through synergies Develop Private Wealth M platform Grow annuity income Increase transaction churn Non-interest income 	n e-banking roducts n group lanagement
2016 TARGETS	 Reduction in rate of new NPL formation Reduced limits by 20% to 100% across the approval grid Further diversification of the loan portfolio Planned reduction in the O&G exposure NPL ratio target of ≤18% and CoR of 3% - 4% Net loan growth of 3% - 5% 	 Capital Adequacy is targeted at 150bps above the regulatory minimum for SIBs Cost of funds between 3% - 4% Cost to income ratio is targeted at 57% - 58% 	 Deposit growth of 5% - 10% NIM targeted at ~8% ROaE of 12% - 14% ROaA at 1.8 %- 2% 	%

Building a stronger, well-diversified financial services group

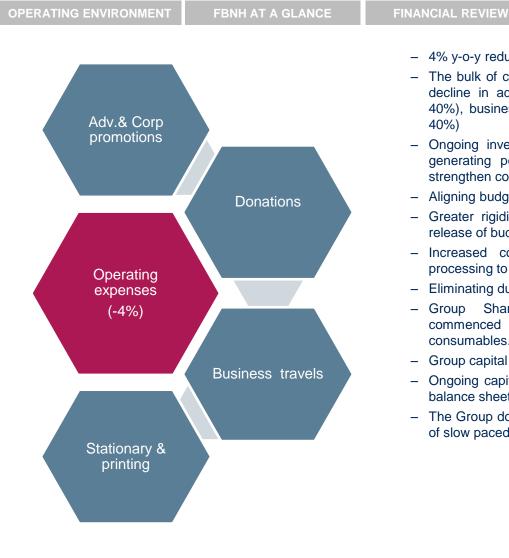


Overhauling our risk management approach from origination to recovery



- · On-going process to recruit a new Chief Risk Officer
- Restructuring of credit risk function to enhance monitoring and early detection
- · An Executive Director with deep expertise in Corporate Banking has been appointed; strengthening origination and coverage
- · New Head of Recovery recruited to drive aggressive recoveries
- Group Executive with expertise in shared services has been recruited to head Technology and Services

Cost and capital efficiency



- 4% y-o-y reduction in operating expenses targeted at Group level
- The bulk of cost savings expected at FirstBank (Nigeria) where we see decline in advert & corporate promotions (~60%), donations (35% 40%), business travels (40% 45%%)and stationery & printing (35% 40%)

STRATEGIC REVIEW

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- Ongoing investments in non-Nigerian businesses to expand revenue generating potential, improve automation and efficiency as well as strengthen compliance
- Aligning budget and expenditure control within the finance function
- Greater rigidity around incurring operating expenses through monthly release of budget allocation coupled with active monitoring
- Increased control over procurement by fast tracking centralised processing to reduce cost to serve
- Eliminating duplication of costs and institutionalising shared services
- Group Shared Services/centralised procurement initiative has commenced with IT software procurement and licensing, and office consumables.
- Group capital is efficiently deployed across all operating entities
- Ongoing capital optimisation through increased retention, more efficient balance sheet management and shedding non-core assets
- The Group does not intend to raise fresh equity in the short term in view of slow paced economic activity coupled with depressed valuations

Enhancing revenue growth

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

FBNH AT A GLANCE

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Net interest income

Non-interest revenue

- Selective loan creation
- Grow credit card usage
- Focus on short cycle transactions
- Reduce account dormancy rate
- Customer experience improvement
- Increased customer acquisition
- Robust portfolio planning to guide focused lending
- Increased retail credit penetration via advanced analytics and digitalisation of sales
- Aggressively manage cost of funds

- Increase transaction banking volumes
- Increase penetration of card users to generate non-interest income
- Increase usage of payment solutions per customer
- Utilise digital intelligence and data management
- Deploy end to end cash management platforms
- Increase transaction churn
- Improve efficiency of branch banking
- Alternative channel focus to enhance 'anytime banking'
- Exploiting cross selling and data mining opportunities
- Grow investment banking fee income
- Grow asset management & trustee product platform and fee income
- Offer ancillary services such as selective underwriting, hedging products

Leveraging our leading position and favourable dynamics in the digital space

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

FBNH AT A GLANCE

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APPENDIX



Nigeria ranks 1st in Africa and 7th globally in terms of number of mobile phone subscriptions

148 million active mobile connections

51.1 million mobile telephone subscribers (unique subscribers)

~23 million smart phone users and ranked 17th in global smartphone usage



15 million Facebook Users (largest in Africa) and 4th fastest growing number of Users worldwide

Social media remains important to the future of banking



Nigeria ranks 1st in Africa and 8th globally in terms of number of Internet Users

Over 93 million active internet data subscriptions 51% penetration (percentage of total population)



Emergence of fast growing online outlets.

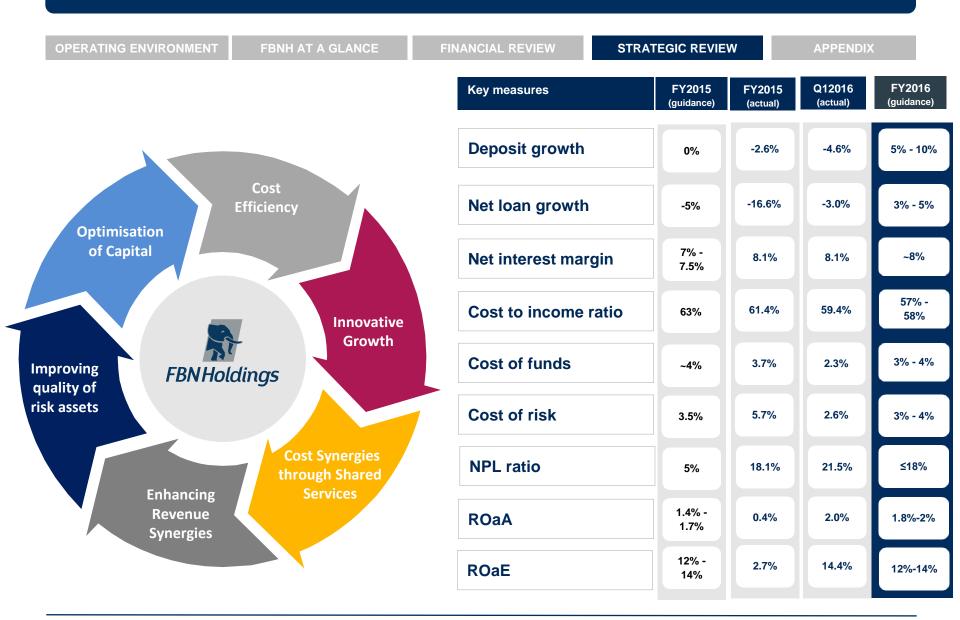
An increasing number of consumers in Nigeria use the internet to buy products and services.

Research suggests that the potential worth of e-commerce in Nigeria is estimated at over \$10 billion.

Ecommerce spending in Nigeria, Africa's largest economy is expected to reach \$8 billion by 2025

- FirstBank (Nigeria) has the highest number of cards in the industry with 50% verve cards market share and highest number of active cards in the industry (Q12016: 8.3mn)
- Increasing penetration of cardholders with 70.5% (FY15: 63.1%) of FirstBank (Nigeria)'s active retail customer accounts having cards and 46.5% (FY15: 41.8%) of the customers owning verve cards
- FirstBank (Nigeria) processed the highest number (32%) of transactions in December 2015 in the industry
- Processed over 1bn transactions on our Front-end Processor in 2015 and affirming leadership (double the next leading Bank)
- FirstBank was the first financial institutions to hit 1bn transactions monthly (achieved in December 2015)
- Increasing digital penetration in a bid to increase the contribution of e-business to the non-interest income and overall profitability
- Growth opportunities for FirstOnline and FirstMobile within our existing customer base as well as signing up new customers
- Provide stable platform and incentives to drive increased transactions by customers.
- Sustained earnings through e-business transactions
- Extending e-business across the other commercial banking subsidiaries

Goal: to return value to shareholders



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Appendix

FBNH AT A GLANCE

FINANCIAL REVIEW

APPENDIX

- Cost-to-income ratio computed as operating expenses divided by operating income
- Leverage ratio computed as total assets divided by total shareholders' funds
- Loans to deposits ratio computed as gross loans divided by total customer deposits
- Net interest margin defined as net interest income (annualised) divided by average earning assets
- Net revenue computed as operating income plus share of profit/loss from associates
- NPL coverage computed as loan loss provisions plus statutory credit reserves divided by non-performing loans
- Operating income is defined as gross earnings less interest expense, fee and commission expense, Insurance claims and share of profit/loss from associates
- Pre-provision operating profit computed as operating profit plus impairment charge
- Return on average equity computed as profit after tax (annualised) divided by the average opening and closing balances attributable to its equity holders
- Return on average assets computed as profit after tax (annualised) divided by the average opening and closing balances of total assets
- Tier 2 capital comprises foreign exchange revaluation reserves, hybrid capital instrument and minority interest for the FirstBank (Nigeria)